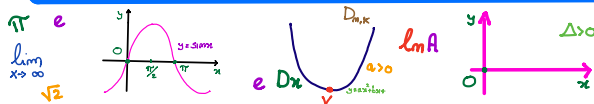


MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI

LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

FLIPPED
MATH



WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM

MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

FORME INDETERMINATE $\left[\frac{0}{0}\right]$ $\left[\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right]$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \left\langle \begin{matrix} \left[\frac{0}{0}\right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right] \end{matrix} \right\rangle \stackrel{H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

SI DERIVANO NUMERATORE E DENOMINATORE

ALTRE FORME

$$\left[0 \cdot \infty\right] \left\langle \begin{matrix} \left[\frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}}\right] = \left[\frac{0}{0}\right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}\right] = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right] \end{matrix} \right.$$

$a \cdot b = \frac{b}{\frac{1}{a}}$

ANCHE LE
FORME

$$\begin{matrix} \left[+\infty - \infty\right] & \left[\frac{0}{0}\right] \\ \left[1^\infty\right] & \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right] \end{matrix} \left\langle \begin{matrix} \left[\frac{0}{0}\right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty}\right] \end{matrix} \right.$$

WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM

MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \begin{cases} \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \end{cases} \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

SI DERIVANO NUMERATORE E DENOMINATORE



ZERO SU ZERO

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 4} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x - 1}{2x} = \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$D x^m = m x^{m-1} \quad D k = 0$$

LIMITI NOTEVOLI

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{4x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 3x \cdot 3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{cos 0 = 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+3x)}{4x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3}{1+3x}}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$D \sin kx = \cos kx \cdot k \quad D \ln g(x) = \frac{g'(x)}{g(x)}$$

WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM

MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \begin{cases} \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \end{cases} \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

SI DERIVANO NUMERATORE E DENOMINATORE



INFINITO SU INFINITO

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 - x - 2}{5x^2 - 4} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x - 1}{10x} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6}{10} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$D x^m = m x^{m-1} \quad D k = 0$$

INFINITO SU INFINITO

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3^x + \ln 5 x}{x^2 - 4} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3^x \ln 3 + \frac{1}{x}}{2x} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3^x \ln 3 \cdot \ln 3}{2} = \left[\frac{+\infty \cdot \ln^2 3}{2} \right] = +\infty$$

$$D 3^x = 3^x \ln 3 \quad D \ln 5 x = \frac{5}{5x}$$

WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM

MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \begin{cases} \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \end{cases} \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow x^*} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

SI DERIVANO NUMERATORE E DENOMINATORE



ZERO $\times$ INFINITO $[0 \cdot \infty]$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \ln x &= [0^+ \cdot +\infty] \quad a \cdot b = \frac{b}{\frac{1}{a}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-x^2}{-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} -x = 0^- \end{aligned}$$

+ INFINITO - INFINITO $[+\infty - \infty]$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\ln x - x) &= [+\infty - \infty] \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x \left(\frac{\ln x}{x} - 1 \right) \quad \begin{matrix} * \\ \text{X IN EVIDENZA} \end{matrix} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -x = -\infty \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} &\xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = 0 \quad * \end{aligned}$$

WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM

MATEMATICA A COLORI PER TUTTI LA FANTASTICA REGOLA DI DE L'HOPITAL

FORME INDETERMINATE

$$[0^0] \quad [1^\infty] \quad [\infty^0] < \begin{cases} \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] \\ \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] \end{cases}$$

COME? $f(x)^{g(x)} = e^{g(x) \ln f(x)} = e^{\frac{\ln f(x)}{\frac{1}{g(x)}}}$

$a \cdot b = \frac{b}{\frac{1}{a}}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (x)^x = [0^0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{x \ln(x)} = e^{[0 \cdot \infty]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{\ln(x)}{\frac{1}{x}}} =$$

$$= e^{\left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right]} \xrightarrow{H} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{-\frac{x^2}{-1}} = e^0 = 1$$



WWW.CLAUDIODESIDERIO.WORDPRESS.COM